#### NZ native bees

Angels of the environment

Ngaire Hart June 2016





# Background

Miniature antennas (BE)
Bee tracking project (PGDip)
Basic bee-data lacking
Natural history Whangarei (MsC)
Digital images in 2010 (PhD)
Started monitoring 2005

Watching bees a family tradition

#### Talk outline

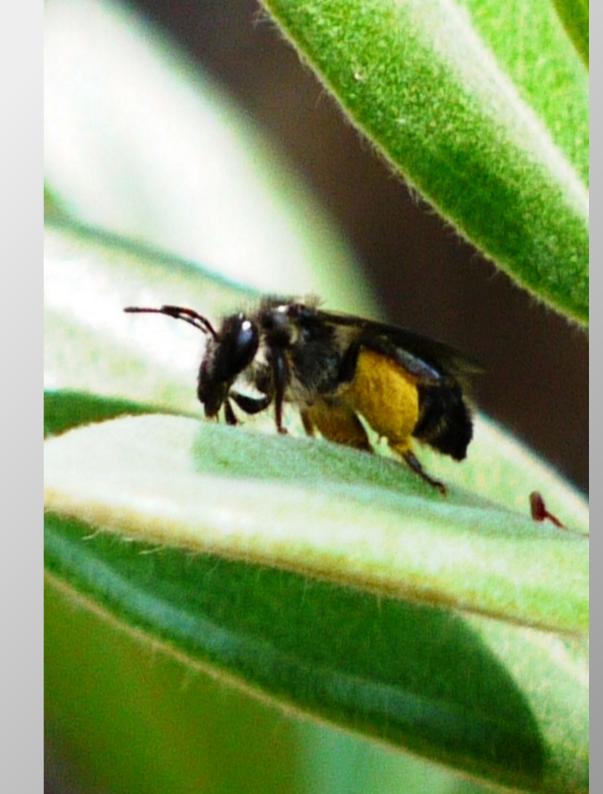
Bees of the World Ngaro Huruhuru

What we know...

What we need to know...

What you can do to help...

**Discussions** 



#### Bees of the World & NZ



Wool carder bee, Town Basin, Whangarei, 2014

Around 40 species of bees in NZ Around 14 have been introduced

#### \*\*\* Imported

Honey bees – 1 species (1839) Bumble bees – 4 species (~1914) Leaf cutter bees – 3 species (~1970)

\*\*\* Some arrived accidentally
Wool carder bee – noticed around 2006

## Ngaro Huruhuru: pollinators

- NZ has 26 endemic bees
- They are found only in NZ
- Important pollinators
- Natural ecosystems
- Evolved with NZ plants
- Natural heritage of NZ



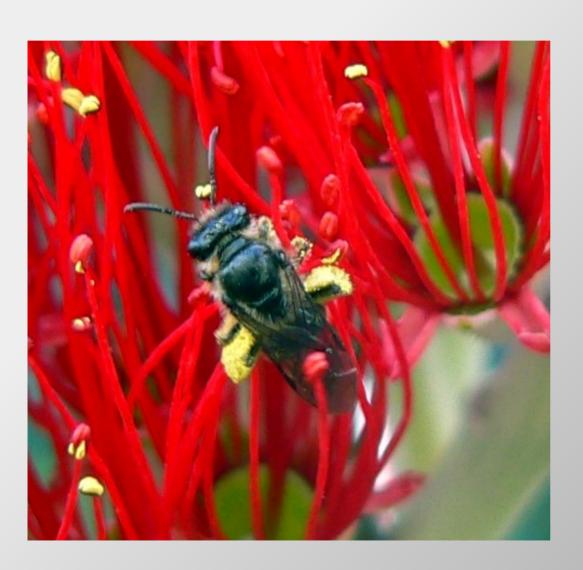
## Ngaro Huruhuru: families

Of the 26 endemic bees in NZ almost half are newly described They are from ancient bee-families called Colletidae & Halictidae



- Hairy colletids: solitary, diggers, pollen on back legs
- Masked bees: solitary, wood nesters, pollen in crop
- Sweat bees: semi-social, diggers, pollen on back legs

## Ngaro Huruhuru: life-cycle



Spring-summer on the wing Males first, then females Males expire after mating

Females collect pollen & nectar Start to construct nests Blind *tunnels* in the ground Place one egg on *bread ball* Seal chamber and repeat

Females expire
Grubs overwinter

### Ngaro Huruhuru: Whangarei



Mt. Parihaka 7 species
Prefer nesting with others
Gregarious nesters
Aggregations

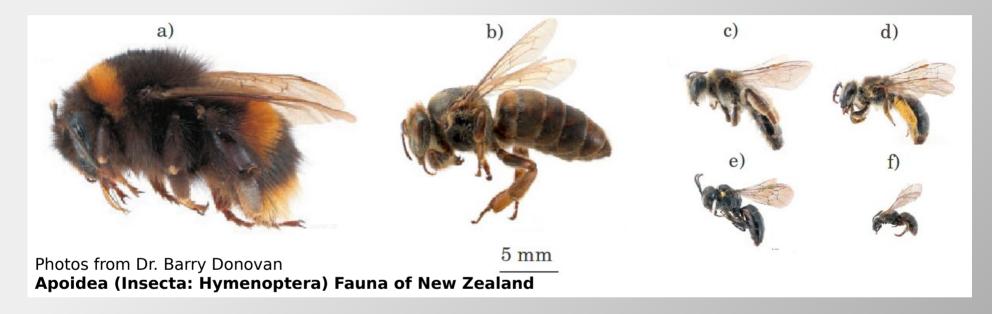
Foraging, in flight or by scope...
Difficult to ID by eye
Small and move fast
Species look the same

Photos from Dr. Barry Donovan

Apoidea (Insecta: Hymenoptera) Fauna of New Zealand

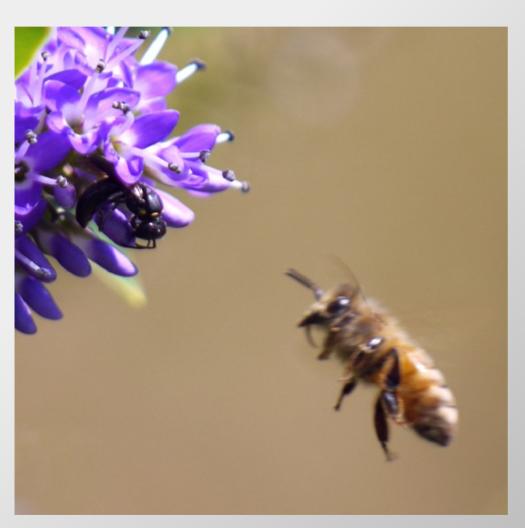
## Ngaro Huruhuru: Whangarei

a) Bumble bee and b) honey bee sizes compared to NZ native bees c) - f)



NZ native bees are:
Much smaller than imported species
Black or only slightly colored
Some are hairy - others are not
Some look like wasps or flies
Gentle and do not normally sting
Move very fast

### Things to consider...



What are the consequences of losses?

With little or no, previous data...

How can we be sure about the health of communities?

Who is cares for native bees?

What defines our cultural heritage?

NZ native masked bee and honey bee on koromiko

### Things to consider...

Raising awareness is key – community stewardship

Can we monitor micro populations – backyard scientists?

Pesticide use – can we avoid around bee-emergence times?

GMO use – what are the consequences?

More bee foods – can we apply successive native plantings

Honey bees – are we over stocking in natural bush areas?

Honey bees – can we monitor before and after?



#### Resources...

#### Apoidea (Insecta: Hymenoptera) Fauna of New Zealand

https://www.landcareresearch.co.nz/\_\_data/assets/.../FNZ57Apoidea.pdf

#### **Trees for Bees**

https://www.treesforbeesnz.org

#### **NZ Bees**

https://www.facebook.com/NZBees/



NZ native masked bee and honey bee

### Discussions...



NZ native hairy colletid bee on ground nest area